

Frame Relay

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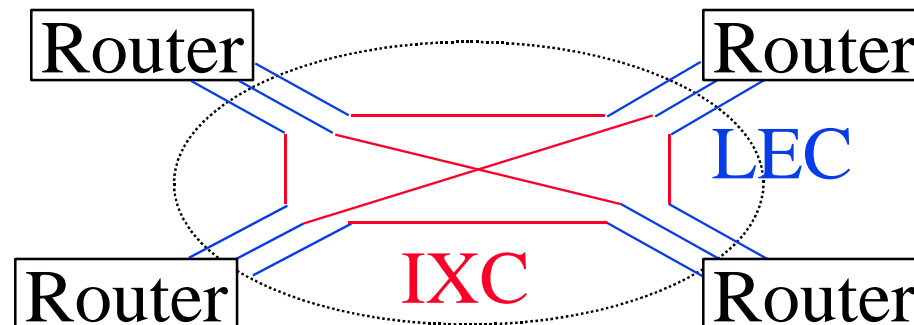
<http://www.cis.ohio-state.edu/~jain/>



- ❑ What is Frame Relay?
- ❑ Why not leased lines or X.25?
- ❑ Frame formats and protocols
- ❑ Signaling

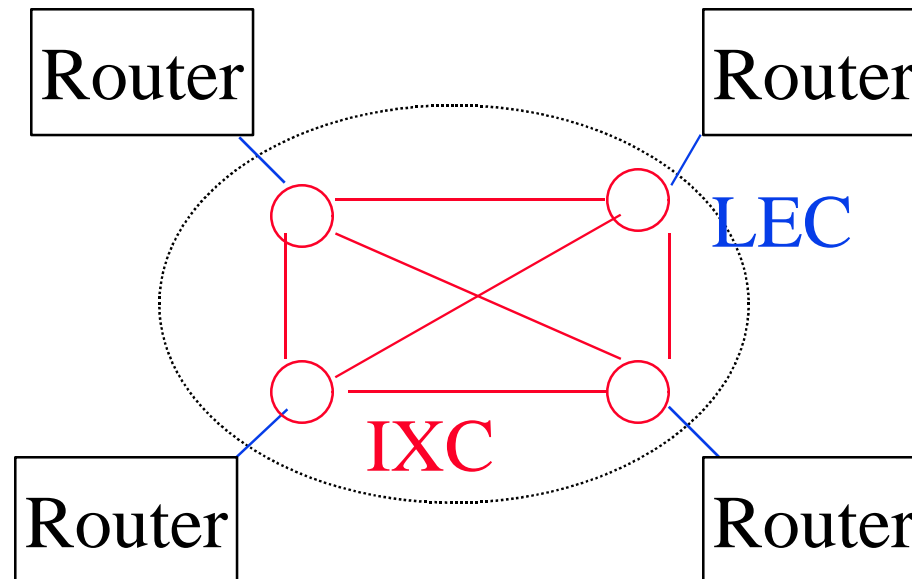
Problems with Leased Lines

- ❑ No user-to-user end-to-end signaling
- ❑ Multiple logical links \Rightarrow Multiple connections
- ❑ Four nodes \Rightarrow 12 ports,
12 local exchange carrier (LEC) access lines,
6 inter-exchange carrier (IXC) connections
- ❑ One more node \Rightarrow 8 more ports, 8 more LEC lines,
4 more IXC circuits

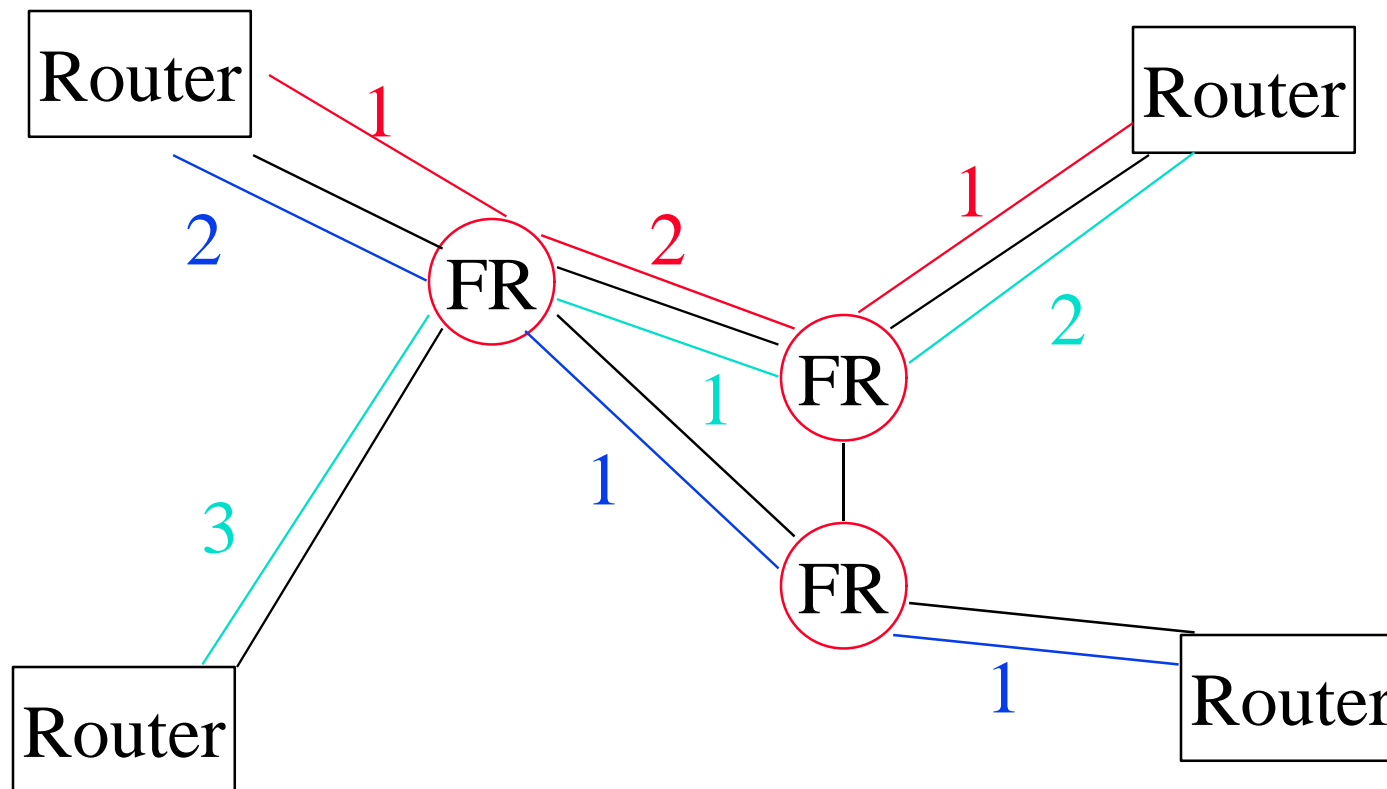


Solution: Frame Relay

- ❑ Four nodes: 4 ports, 4 LEC access lines, 6 IXC circuits
- ❑ One more node: 1 more port, 1 more access line, 4 more IXC circuits
- ❑ Share leased lines \Rightarrow Virtual Private Networks



Data Link Control Identifiers (DLCI)



Data Link Control Identifier

- ❑ Only local significance
- ❑ Allows multiple logical connections over one circuit
- ❑ Some ranges preassigned
- ❑ DLCI = 0 is used for signaling

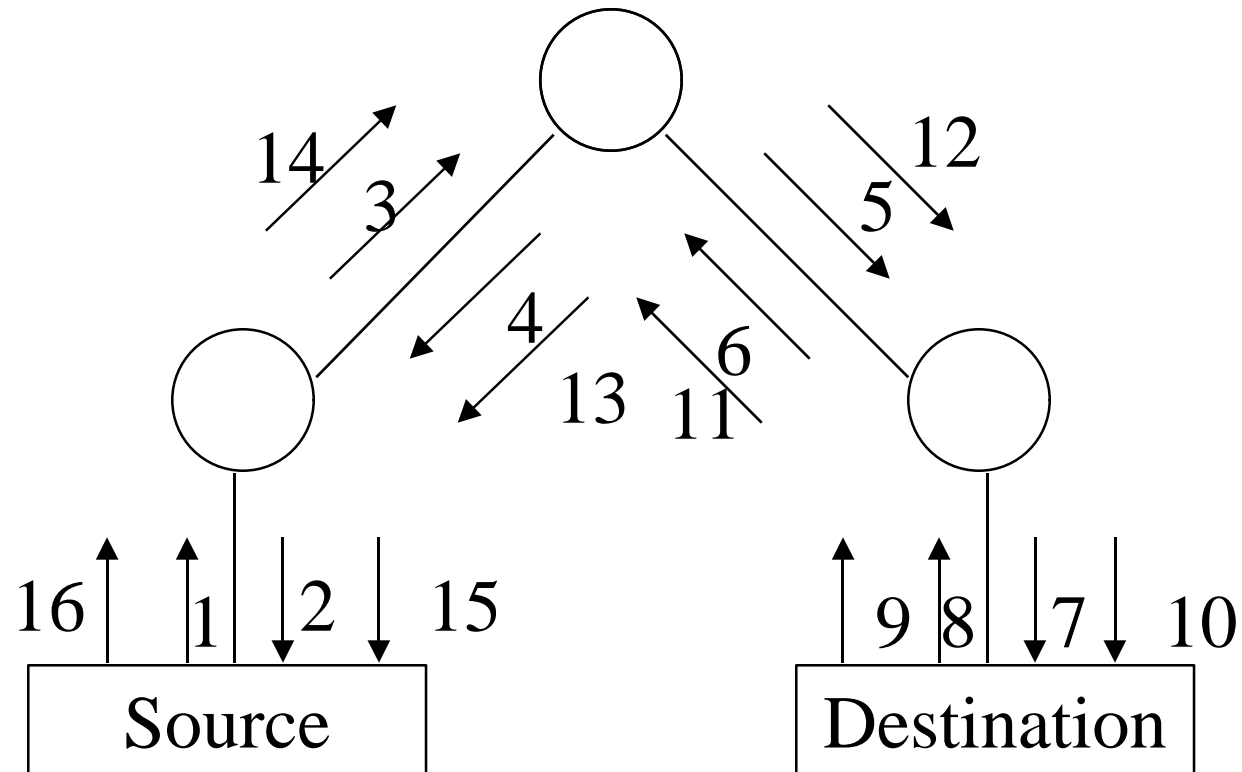
X.25

- ❑ In-band signaling. VC setup and clearing messages in the same channel as data.
- ❑ Three layer protocol. Third layer for multiplexing.
- ❑ Flow control
- ❑ Error control

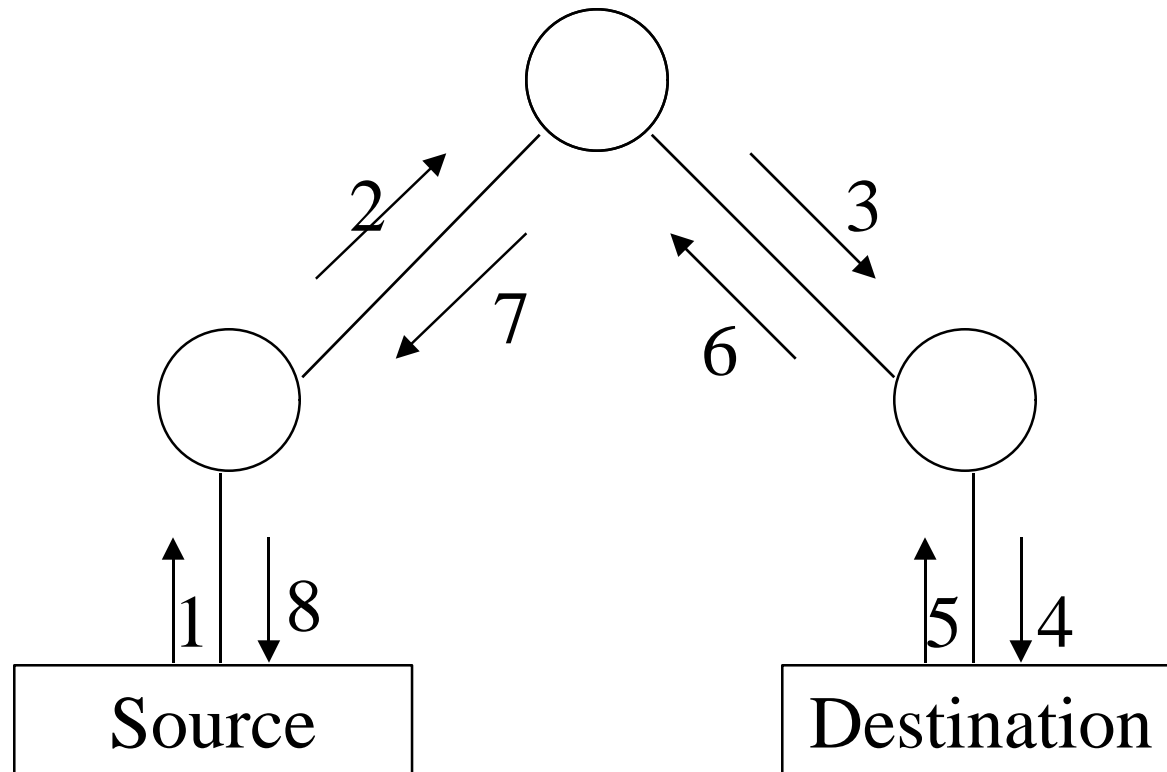
⇒ 12 messages for one packet transfer

Only 6 messages without flow control and error control

X.25 Exchange



Frame Relay Exchange



Frame Relay: Key Features

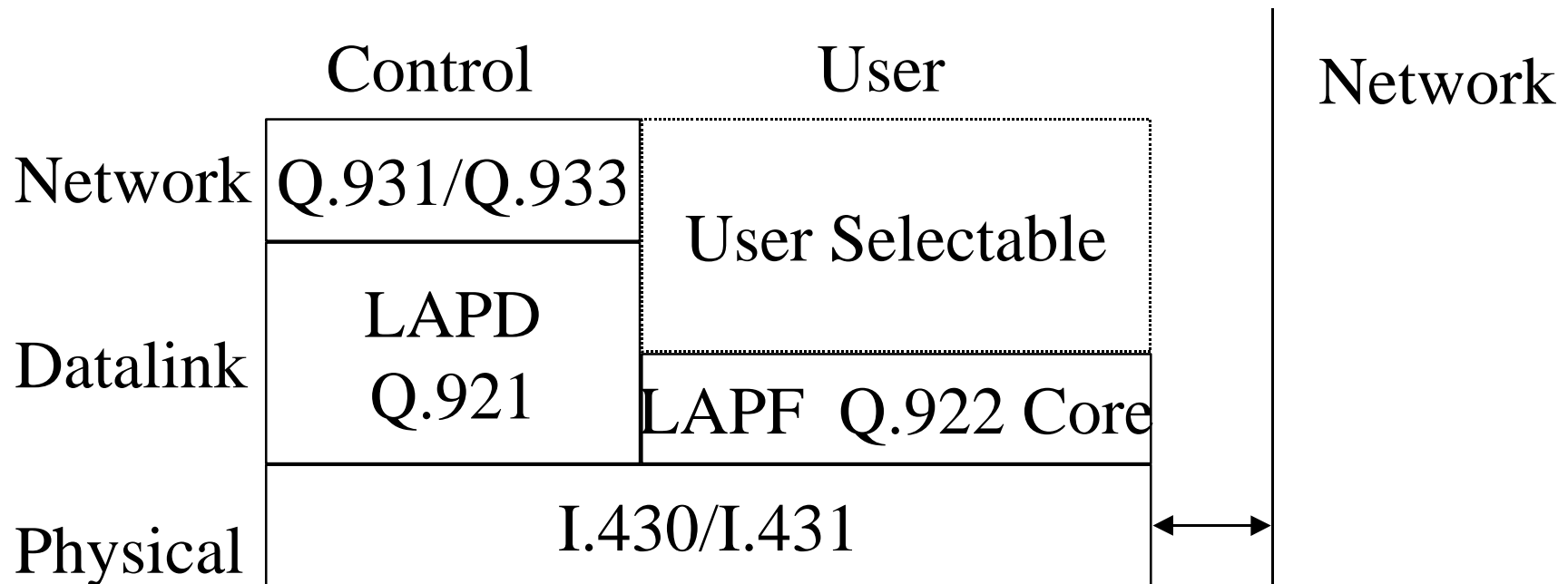
- ❑ X.25 simplified
 - ❑ No flow and error control
 - ❑ Out-of-band signaling
 - ❑ Two layers
 - ❑ Protocol multiplexing in the second layer
 - ❑ Congestion control added
- ⇒ Higher speed possible.
X.25 suitable to 200 kbps. Frame relay to 2.048 Mbps.

Relay vs Switching

- ❑ Switching = Relaying + Ack + Flow control + Error recovery + loss recovery
- ❑ Switching = X.25
- ❑ Relay = Unreliable multiplexing service

Frame Relay UNI Architecture

- ❑ UNI = User-network Interface
- ❑ LAPF = Link Access Procedure - Frame Relay
- ❑ LAPD = Link Access Procedure for D Channel



Control Plane

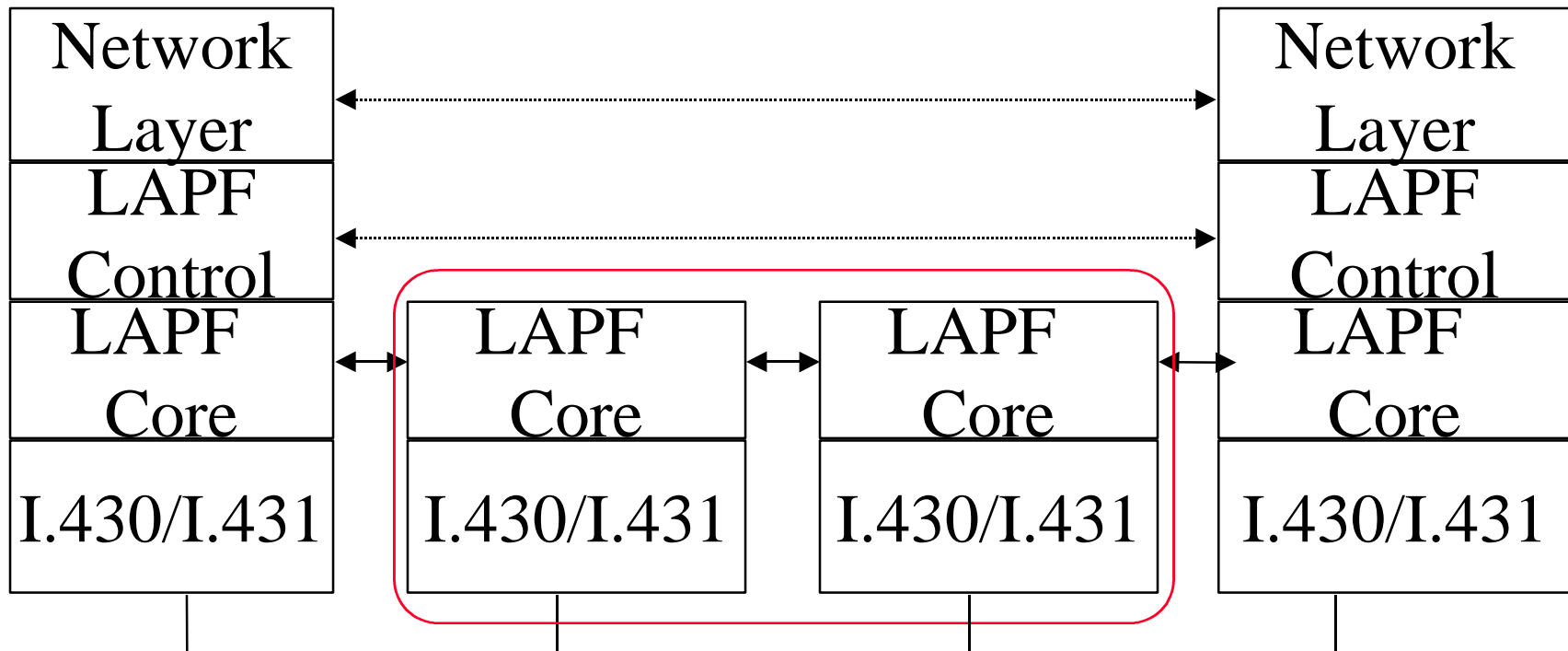
- ❑ Signaling over D channel
- ❑ Data transfer over B, D, or H
- ❑ LAPD used for reliable signaling
- ❑ ISDN Signaling Q.933 + Q.931 used for signaling messages
- ❑ SAPI = 0 in LAPD
⇒ Q.933 + Q.931 Frame relay message

User Plane

- ❑ Link Access Procedure for Frame-Mode bearer services (LAPF)
- ❑ Q.922 = Enhanced LAPD (Q.921)
= LAPD + Congestion
- ❑ LAPF defined in Q.922
- ❑ Core functions defined in Q.922 appendix:
 - Frame delimiting, alignment, and flag transparency
 - Virtual circuit multiplexing and demultiplexing
 - Octet alignment \Rightarrow Integer number of octets before zero-bit insertion
 - Checking min and max frame sizes

User Plane (Cont)

- Error detection, Sequence and non-duplication
- Congestion control
- LAPF control may be used for end-to-end signaling



Signaling

- ❑ Permanent Virtual Circuit (PVC)
- ❑ Switched Virtual Circuit (SVC)
- ❑ Q.933 used for FR connections over PVC or SVC
⇒ Q.933 is a subset of Q.931
- ❑ Message Types: Alerting, call proceeding, connect, connect ack, progress, setup, disconnect, release, release complete, status, status inquiry
- ❑ Frame relay forum has proposed to simplify Q.933 by deleting progress, connect ack, and alerting.
Also delete many information element.
Add SVC.

Connection Control Msgs

□ Call establishment

1. Alerting
2. Call proceeding
3. Connect
4. Connect Acknowledge
5. Progress
6. Setup

□ Call clearing

7. Disconnect
8. Release
9. Release Complete

□ **Miscellaneous**

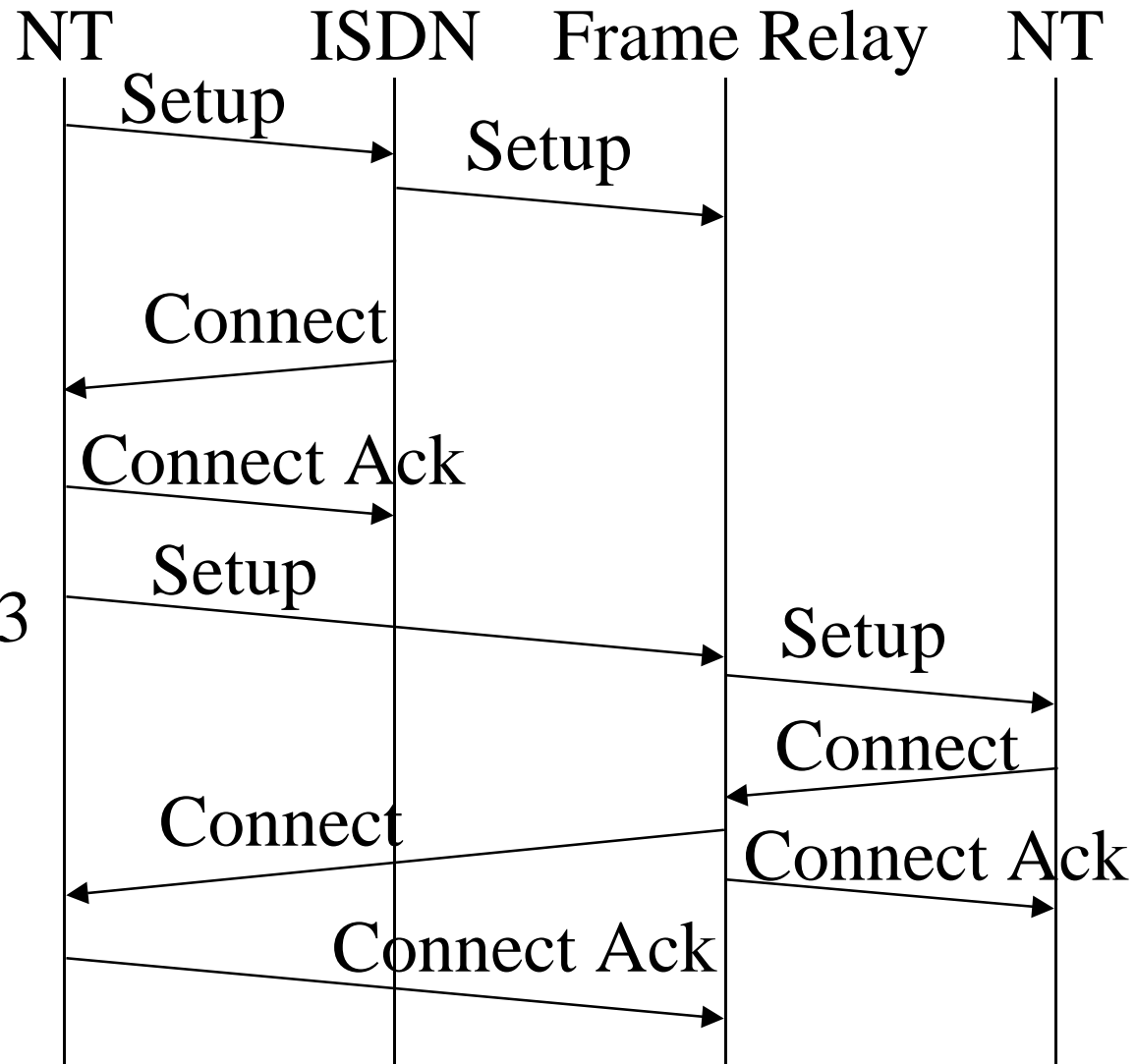
10. Status

11. Status Enquiry

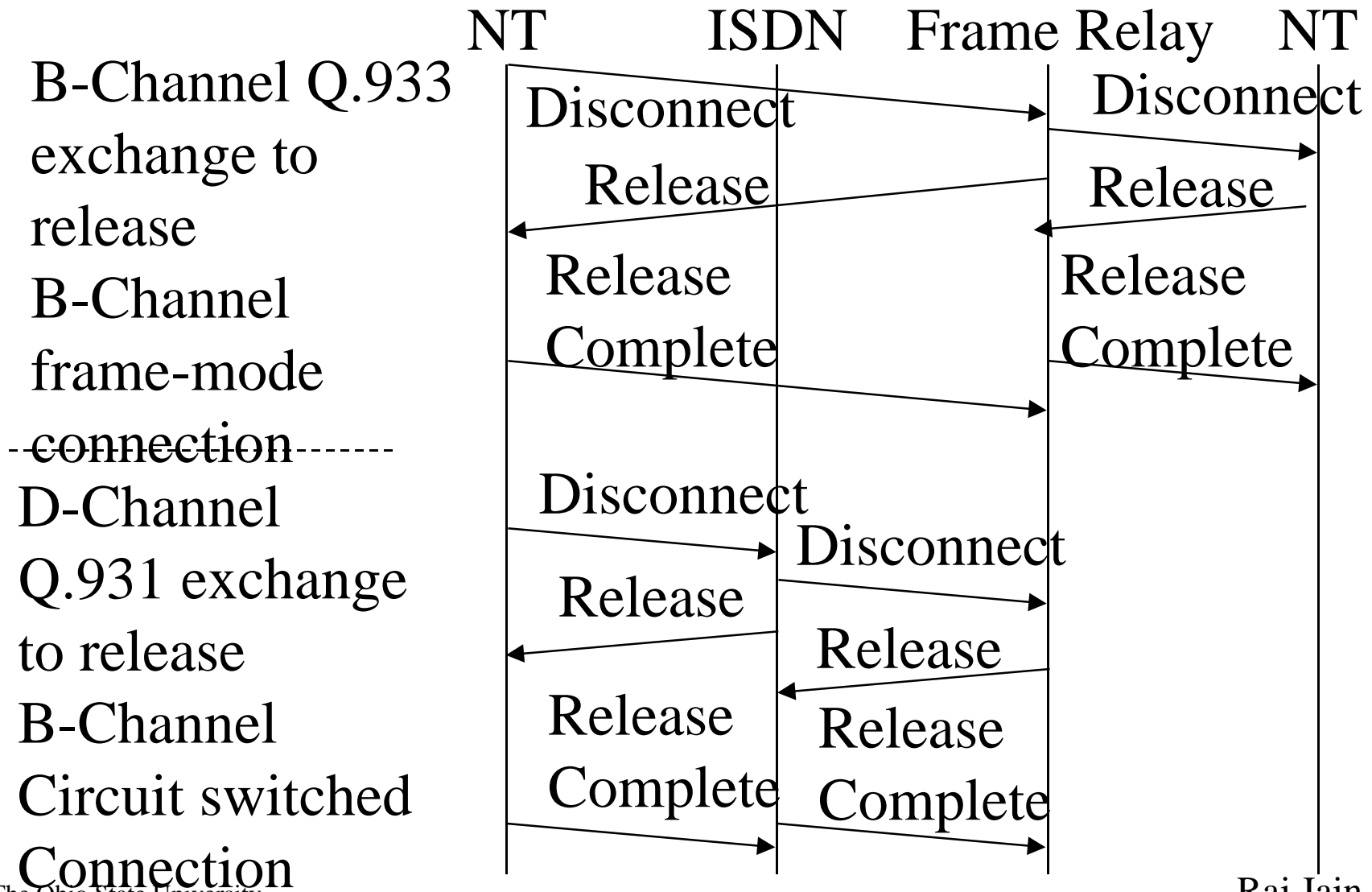
Signaling Example

D-Channel
Q.931 exchange
to establish
B-Channel
Circuit switched
Connection

B-Channel Q.933
exchange to
establish
B-Channel
frame-mode
connection



Signaling Example (cont)



B-Channel Q.933 exchange to release

B-Channel frame-mode

~~connection~~

D-Channel

Q.931 exchange to release

B-Channel

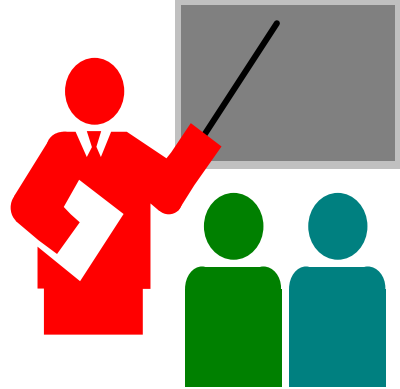
Circuit switched

Connection

Physical Layer Options

- ❑ Both ANSI and ITU-T define frame relay on ISDN
- ❑ Frame relay forum's implementation agreements:
 - Metallic interface at DS1 1.544 Mbps (ANSI T1.403)
 - Leased lines at 56 kbps (V.35)
 - Metallic interface at E1 2.048 Mbps (G.703)
 - Synchronous interface at E1 2.048 Mbps (G.704)
 - X.21 interface for synchronous transmission
- ❑ MCI offers frame relay at 56 kbps, 64 kbps, fractional T1, $N \times 56$ or $N \times 64$ kbps.

Summary



- ❑ X.25 designed for unintelligent devices over error-prone networks \Rightarrow Slow
- ❑ Frame relay = simplified X.25
- ❑ Higher data rates than X.25
- ❑ Developed for ISDN but runs in non-ISDN environments
- ❑ Two layer protocol architecture

Homework

- ❑ Read Chapter 11 of Stallings' ISDN book

Frame Relay Standards

ITU:

- ❑ I.122, Framework for Frame Mode Bearer Services, 1993.
- ❑ I.223, Frame Mode Bearer Services, 1992.
- ❑ I.370, Congestion management for the ISDN Frame Relaying Bearer Service, 1991.
- ❑ I.372, Frame Relay Bearer Service Network-to-network Interface Requirements, 1993.
- ❑ I.555, Frame Mode Bearer Services Interworking, 1992.

Standards (Cont)

- ❑ Q.922, ISDN Data Link Layer Specification for Frame Mode Bearer Services, 1992.
- ❑ Q.933, Signaling Specifications for Frame Mode Call Control, 1992.

ANSI:

- ❑ T1.606, Architectural Framework and Service Description for Frame-Relaying Bearer Service, 1990.
- ❑ T1.617, Signaling Specification for Frame Relay Bearer Service for DSS1, 1991.
- ❑ T1.618, Core Aspects of Frame Protocol for Use with Frame Relay Bearer Service, 1991.

Implementation Agreements

- ❑ FRF.1, The User-Network Interface (UNI)
- ❑ FRF.2, The network-to-network interface (NNI)
- ❑ FRF.3, Multiprotocol encapsulation
- ❑ FRF.4, Switched virtual circuit (SVC)
- ❑ FRF.5, Frame relay/ATM network interworking
- ❑ FRF.6, Frame relay service customer network management

Available from Frame Relay Forum,

<http://frame-relay.indiana.edu/>

RFCs

- ❑ RFC 2115, “MIB for Frame Relay DTEs Using SMIv2,” Sept 1997.
- ❑ RFC 1973, “PPP in Frame Relay,” June 1996.
- ❑ RFC1604, "Definitions of Managed Objects for Frame Relay Service" by T. Brown, 03/25/1994, 46 pp.
- ❑ RFC1586 "Guidelines for Running OSPF Over Frame Relay Networks" by O. deSouza, M. Rodrigues, 03/24/1994, 6 pp.
- ❑ RFC1490, "Multiprotocol Interconnect over Frame Relay" by T. Bradley, C. Brown, A. Malis, 07/26/1993, 35 pp.